

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Sicomet® 5019 provides the following product characteristics:

Technology	Cyanoacrylate
Chemical Type	Ethyl cyanoacrylate
Appearance (uncured)	Clear, Colorless
Components	One part - requires no mixing
Viscosity	High
Cure	Humidity
Application	Bonding
Key Substrates	Plastics, Rubbers and Metals

Sicomet® 5019 is a fast curing instant adhesive based on Ethyl-2-cyanoacrylate with a high viscosity. The product is designed for the fast and high-strength bonding of diverse plastics and metals and the combinations of these materials. Due to the high viscosity Sicomet® 5019 is suitable for small production based gaps for elastomer and metal bondings and porous or absorbent materials like wood and cork. The product can be easily applied manually or by dosing equipment. The product can be used up to +80 °C operation temperature and at short-term load up to 100 °C.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C	1.05 to 1.1
Viscosity, Cone & Plate, mPa·s (cP):	
Temperature: 20 °C, Shear Rate: 100 s ⁻¹	1,700 to 3,000
Viscosity, Brookfield, 20 °C, mPa·s (cP):	
Spindle 3, speed 100 rpm	1,900 to 2,500
Flash Point - See MSDS	

TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

Under normal conditions, the atmospheric moisture initiates the curing process. Although full functional strength is developed in a relatively short time, curing continues for at least 24 hours before full chemical/solvent resistance is developed.

Cure Speed vs. Substrate

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. The table below shows the fixture time achieved on different materials at 22 °C / 50 % relative humidity. This is defined as the time to develop a shear strength of 0.1 N/mm².

Fixture Time, seconds:	
Aluminum	50 to 80
EPDM	6 to 20
Rubber, nitrile	10 to 30
ABS	15 to 40
Polycarbonate	10 to 70

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL

After 72 hours @ 22 °C

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:	
Steel (grit blasted)	N/mm ² 18 to 26 (psi) (2,610 to 3,770)
Aluminum (grit blasted)	N/mm ² 12 to 20 (psi) (1,740 to 2,900)

Zinc dichromate	N/mm ² 5 to 13 (psi) (720 to 1,880)
PVC	N/mm ² 4 to 9 (psi) (580 to 1,300)
Polycarbonate	N/mm ² 4 to 12 (psi) (580 to 1,740)
Polyamide (6.6)	N/mm ² 3 to 10 (psi) (460 to 1,450)

Tensile Strength, ISO 6922:	
Nitrile	N/mm ² ≥5 (psi) (720)

After 24 hours @ 22 °C

Tensile Strength, ISO 6922:	
EPDM	N/mm ² 2 to 2.5 (psi) (290 to 360)

After 10 seconds @ 22 °C

Tensile Strength, ISO 6922:	
Nitrile	N/mm ² ≥5 (psi) (720)

After 7days @ 70 °C

Tensile Strength, ISO 6922:	
EPDM	N/mm ² 2 to 2.4 (psi) (290 to 350)

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

Directions for use:

1. For best performance bond surfaces should be clean and free from grease.
2. This product performs best in thin bond gaps (0.15 mm).
3. Excess adhesive can be dissolved with Loctite cleanup solvents, nitromethane or acetone.

Not for product specifications

The technical data contained herein are intended as reference only. Please contact your local quality department for assistance and recommendations on specifications for this product.

Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

Optimal Storage: 2 °C to 8 °C. Storage below 2 °C or greater than 8 °C can adversely affect product properties.

Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

Conversions

$(^{\circ}\text{C} \times 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}\text{F}$
 $\text{kV/mm} \times 25.4 = \text{V/mil}$
 $\text{mm} / 25.4 = \text{inches}$
 $\mu\text{m} / 25.4 = \text{mil}$
 $\text{N} \times 0.225 = \text{lb}$
 $\text{N/mm} \times 5.71 = \text{lb/in}$
 $\text{N/mm}^2 \times 145 = \text{psi}$
 $\text{MPa} \times 145 = \text{psi}$
 $\text{N}\cdot\text{m} \times 8.851 = \text{lb}\cdot\text{in}$
 $\text{N}\cdot\text{m} \times 0.738 = \text{lb}\cdot\text{ft}$
 $\text{N}\cdot\text{mm} \times 0.142 = \text{oz}\cdot\text{in}$
 $\text{mPa}\cdot\text{s} = \text{cP}$

Note

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Reference 0.1